

# Preschool Pyramid Model Practices Session 3 Teaching Social and Emotional Skills to All Children



#### Acknowledgments

The content for this training day was adapted with permission from the preschool Pyramid Model practices training modules developed by the National Center for Pyramid Model Innovations (NCPMI)

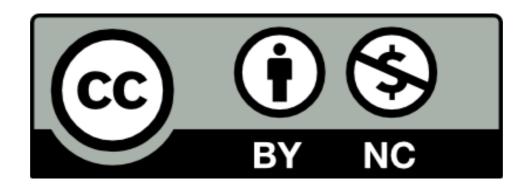
#### Additional acknowledgments:

- Unpacking the Pyramid Model book
- Instructionally Enhanced Pyramid Model Classroom Implementation Guide

Thank you to all our Michigan preschools who contributed examples to the content!



#### Creative Commons License Information



You are free to share or adapt the resources for non-commercial purposes. We ask that you always attribute MiMTSS TA Center. All publications, materials, and resources on this site are licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial 4.0 International License



#### **Group Agreements**

#### We are Responsible

- Return on time from breaks
- Take care of our needs

## We are Engaged

- · Share "air time"
- Plan to participate in multiple ways
  - Chat, breakout rooms, polls, reactions, unmute
  - Ask questions



#### Purpose of the Series

The Pyramid Practices sessions are designed to equip teaching staff with the information they need to implement the Preschool Pyramid Practices with fidelity, leading to improved social and emotional outcomes for children



#### Intended Outcomes

- Explain when and how to teach social emotional skills
- Identify strategies that can be used to teach:
  - Friendship skills
  - Emotional literacy
  - Self regulation
  - Problem solving



## Agenda

- 1.0 How and When to Teach Social and Emotional Skills
- 2.0 Teaching Friendship Skills
- 3.0 Teaching Emotional Literacy
- 4.0 Teaching Self Regulation
- 5.0 Teaching Problem Solving
- 6.0 Wrap-Up and Next Steps



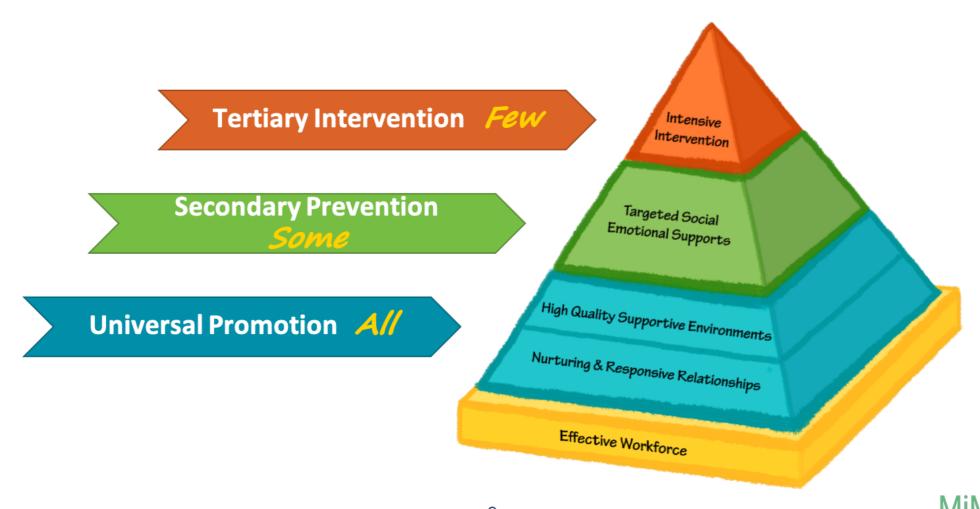
## **Activity 1**

#### Let's Review!

- E\_\_\_\_ are broad and apply to all people in all settings; R\_\_\_\_ help clarify expectations for specific settings
- A v\_\_\_\_ s\_\_\_ should be posted, taught, and reviewed throughout the day so children know what is next and what to expect
- Environments should be designed to maximize child e\_\_\_\_\_ and meaningful participation
- Clearly state the steps and expectations for each t\_\_\_\_ so children can move smoothly to the next activity



#### Targeted Social Emotional Supports



#### 1.0 How and When to Teach Social Emotional Skills



#### Importance of Teaching Social-Emotional Skills

The use of "response strategies is intended to reduce the likelihood of challenging behavior but will not be effective without careful and intentional attention to teaching social skills and emotional competencies"



"Strain, Joseph, Hemmeter, Barton, & Fox (2017)"



## Social-Emotional Learning

- Developing social relationships, expressing and understanding emotions, self-regulation, and problem solving, as social-emotional learning for ALL
- Explicit instruction for SOME
  - Increased opportunities for instruction, practice, feedback
  - Enhanced family partnerships
  - Progress monitoring and data decisionmaking





#### Culturally Responsive Practices

- Teachers strive to support the development of culturally responsive social-emotional skills
- Social skills look different across various cultures and families
- Culturally responsive instruction is aligning what we teach with families' priorities
- When teaching social skills, the focus should be on relationships with peers, family members, and other people in the community

How do you learn what social skills are important for families?



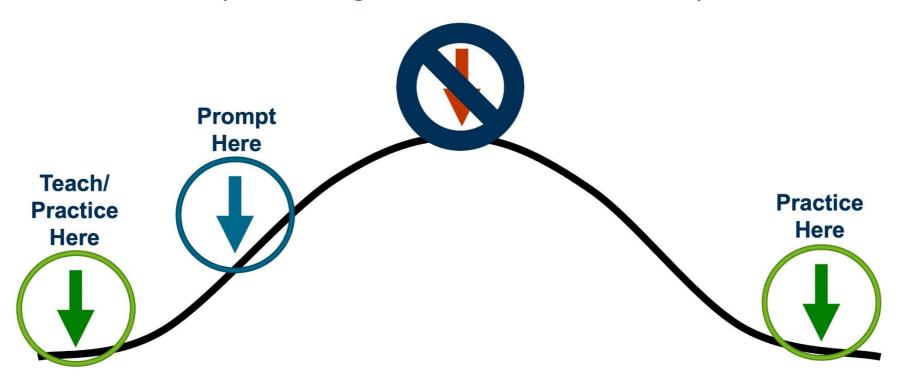
#### Activity 1.1

- Review the Teaching Social Emotional Skills section of the Pyramid Model Practices Implementation Checklist:
  - Friendship Skills (pg. 9)
  - Emotional Literacy and Self-Regulation & Anger Management (pg. 10)
  - Problem Solving (pg. 11)
- Place checkmarks next to the items that you do consistently well
- Star the items you want to learn more about or possibly get support from your Classroom Coach
- You'll be using this checklist during your coaching sessions!



#### When Do We Teach Social-Emotional Skills?

Planning Lessons (Teaching Skills Ahead of Time)





## Stages of Learning

# Fluency: Practice Makes Permanent

- Multiple opportunities to practice
- Prompt to use skill

Comment on usage

in new situations

Maintenance &

**Generalization** 

• Opportunities to use skills

## Acquisition: Show & Tell

- Explain concretely and demonstrate
- Provide examples & nonexamples
- Encourage

466



#### Activity 1.2

- Review the Pyramid Practices: Stages of Learning document in your materials and the graphic on the previous slide
- Based on the information provided on the previous slide and your handout, think about why practice and feedback are important in teaching new skills
- Take 2 minutes to create a brief "elevator" speech describing the role of practice and feedback in learning a new skill



## Embed Instruction All Day, Every Day!

- Large and Small Group
  - Introduce new concepts
  - Model and practice
- Within all activities
  - To ensure multiple opportunities for meaningful instruction
- Over time
  - To meet the instructional needs at each learning stage (acquisition, fluency, generalization)





## Create Opportunities for Children to Reflect

Support children to reflect on interactions with their peers



"I saw friends sharing toys and using kind words during center time. What was something you saw someone do to be a friend during centers?"

"What happened today when Frances didn't have a chair to sit in at home living?"



## Use Positive Descriptive Feedback

- Contingent on appropriate behavior
- 2. Contingent on effort
- 3. Descriptive say what you see and hear
- 4. Conveyed with enthusiasm

"Zavion, you asked Trey for a turn! You are being such a kind friend."

"Cal, you noticed that Marisol was upset and got the friendship kit.

Look, now she is smiling!"



# 2.0 Teaching Friendship Skills



## First Step!

Create a classroom culture and environment that promotes:

- Acceptance
- Belonging
- Membership
- Safety





#### What is Included in Friendship Skills?

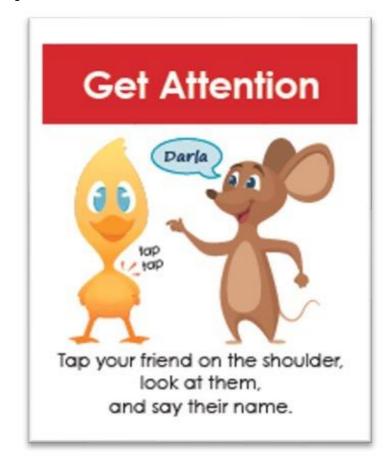
- Initiate interactions with peers
- Share toys and other materials
- Give play suggestions/ideas (play organizers)
- Reciprocity (take turns in activities or conversations)
- Give help (assist)
- Are affectionate (caring)
- Give compliments
- Demonstrate empathy





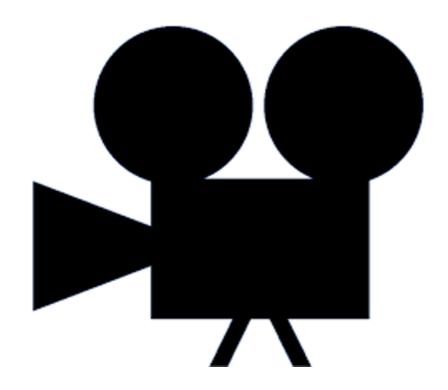
#### How to Teach Friendship Skills

- 1. Describe the skill (show visual)
- 2. Demonstrate the skill the "right way"
- 3. Demonstrate the skill the "wrong way"
- 4. Have a child practice the skill with an adult
- 5. Have a child practice the skills with another child
- 6. Provide positive feedback and support





## Take a Look: Teaching Friendship Skills





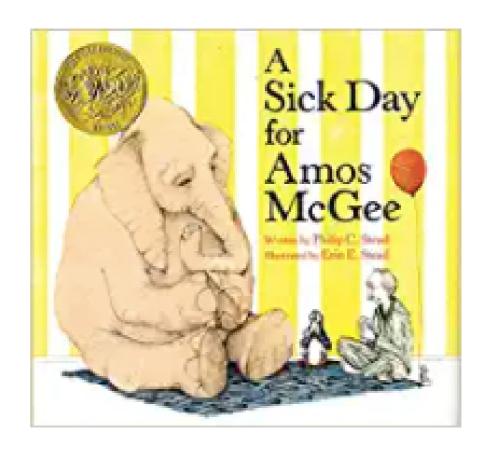
#### Activity 2.1

- Take a moment to look through the Peer Mediated Skills document provided in your materials
- Review the five skills
  - Which of these do you already teach explicitly in your classroom?
  - Which skills might you consider adding?
  - Which skills might you consider teaching in additional ways?
- Provide your responses in the chat



#### Using Books to Teach Friendship Skills

- Select book to read with children
- Pause and ask reflective questions related to the friendship skill
- Expand on the book in other activities (e.g., art, dramatic play, blocks, puppet play, children making their own books)





## Practicing Friendship Skills

How can you embed practice opportunities throughout the day?





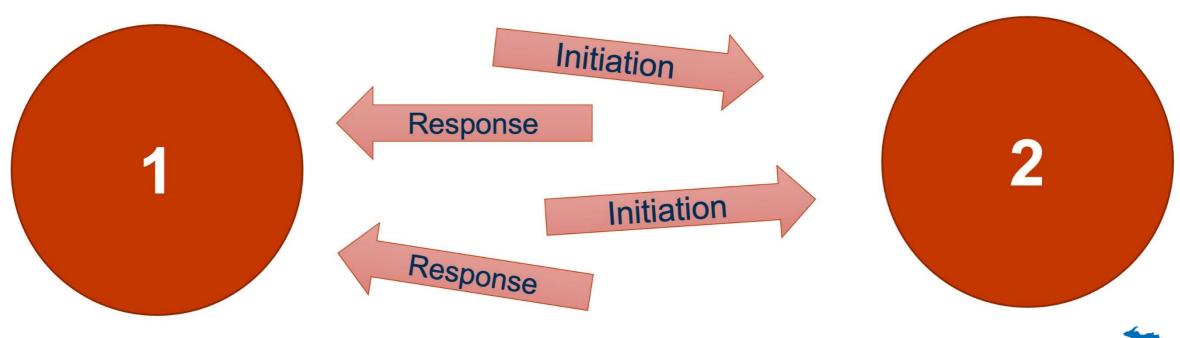






## Increasing Exchanges and Social Partners

- Developing friendships requires reciprocal interactions
- Facilitate, nurture, and bridge opportunities for multiple social partners







#### Maintain and Generalize

- Embed multiple opportunities for children to practice the skill across people, settings and materials
- Extend and expand skill into the home and community
- Share with families
  - Super Friend story
  - Super Friend certificate



# Teaching Matrix: Friendship Skills All Day, Every Day!

Arrival	Large Group	Centers	Outside	Departure
Greeter of the day Sign-in: Children pass marker to peer to sign in at the easel	Circle time helper will pass out props for the selected songs/activities	Dramatic play grocery store. Materials for multiple roles and play schemas to promote social skills	Plan cooperative materials or activities daily; obstacle course, simple gross motor game (Simon Says)	Pair children with a buddy to walk to the bus together



#### Activity 2.2

- Locate the Teaching Matrix: Friendship Skills in your materials
- Review the friendship skill ideas from the example provided and consider how you already teach and provide practice opportunities
- Determine how you can embed additional teaching and practice opportunities into your classroom routines in your classroom
- Record these on the blank Social Emotional Teaching Matrix in your materials
- Additional ideas are available in the Example Schedule:
   Embedded Friendship Opportunities document



## Supporting Families with Friendship Skills

- Backpack Connections
  - How to Teach Your Child to Take Turns
  - How to Teach Your Child to Appropriately
     Get Your Attention
- Super Friend Certificate







## 3.0 Teaching Emotional Literacy



## Children with Strong Emotional Literacy Skills...

- Have greater academic achievement
- Are more focused
- Are healthier
- Are less impulsive
- Have more friends

- Are less lonely
- Tolerate frustration
- Engage in less destructive behavior
- Get in fewer fights



(Blair & Raver, 2015; Weissberg et al., 2015)



#### **Teaching Emotional Literacy**

#### **How to Teach**

- Direct teaching:
  - Intentionally plan activities to teach children about feelings in large and small group
- Teachable moments:
  - Identify, model, and label feelings within everyday activities

#### What to Teach

- Specific word(s) for emotions
- Feelings change
- You can have more than one feeling about something
- You can feel differently than someone else about something
- All feelings are valid; it is what you do with them that counts

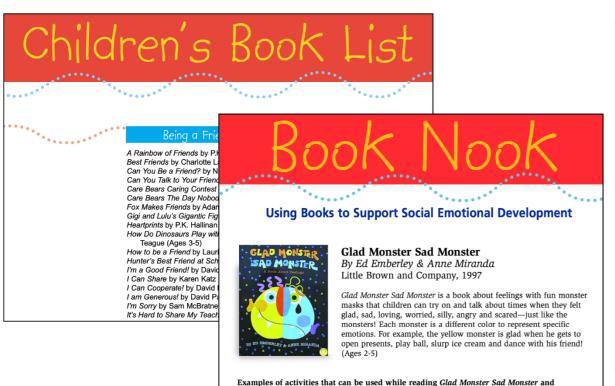
#### Teach a Range of Emotions

- We feel more than just happy, sad, or mad
- Teach children about feelings that are comfortable (positive) and uncomfortable (negative)
- Increase their vocabulary!
  - Make finer discriminations between feelings
  - Better communicate their feelings
  - Become better interpersonal communicators





### Teaching Strategy: Children's Literature



throughout the day to promote social and emotional development:

feel glad would also make yellow monster feel glad?

· While reading the story, pause and ask children if they feel the same way the monsters do. For

kinds of things make them feel glad. Do they think the same kinds of things that make them

example, do they feel glad when they get to play ball like the yellow monster? Ask what other





### Teaching Strategy: Play Games

#### Scenarios

Discuss typical situations that happen when children are together: "How would you feel if this happened to you?"

#### What does it look like?

• Make a \_\_\_\_\_ face. How does your face look when you feel \_\_\_\_\_? What makes you feel \_\_\_\_\_?





- Games with feelings
  - Feelings Bingo, Feeling Dice, Feeling Wheel



### **Build Fluency Through Practice**

#### Feelings Check-ins

- Teachers and children can "check-in" each morning
- Encourage children to change their feeling faces as their feelings change throughout the day

#### Look for Teachable Moments

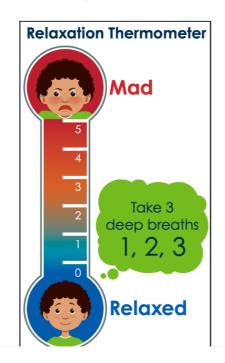
- Identify the child's feelings (give them the words!)
- Model emotions by using exaggerated facial expressions
- Talk about emotions in different situations





#### Maintenance and Generalization

- Extend and expand skill into home and community
- Listen for and comment on when children label emotions in themselves and others
- Embed practice across people, settings, and materials
  - Feeling Wheel
  - Relaxation Thermometers
  - Feelings Sign-in Chart

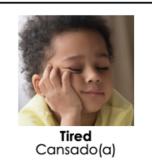














### Activity 3.1

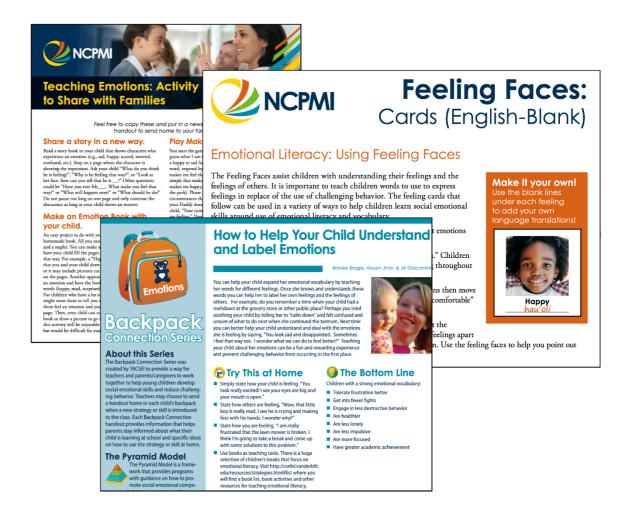
- What are your favorite ways to teach, practice, and acknowledge emotional literacy skills in your classroom?
- Be ready to share!



### Supporting Families with Emotional Literacy

NCPMI's <u>Family Engagement page</u> has multiple resources:

- Feeling Faces
- Teaching Emotions: Activity Ideas to Share with Families
- Backpack Connections: How to Help Your Child Understand and Label Emotions





# 4.0 Teaching Self Regulation Skills



### Self-Regulation and Anger Management is...

- Self-Regulation: The ability to regulate your emotions and behaviors in different settings and activities
- Anger Management: The ability to calm down and regulate emotions when angry or upset

Children who learn to regulate their emotions:

- Have an easier time making friends
- Handle disappointment better
- Relate more successfully with peers and adults
- Are less impulsive



### Skills to Directly Teach

To problem solve, children need to be able to:

- Recognize anger in oneself and others
- Calm down when their emotions become elevated
- Use appropriate ways to express anger or other impulses



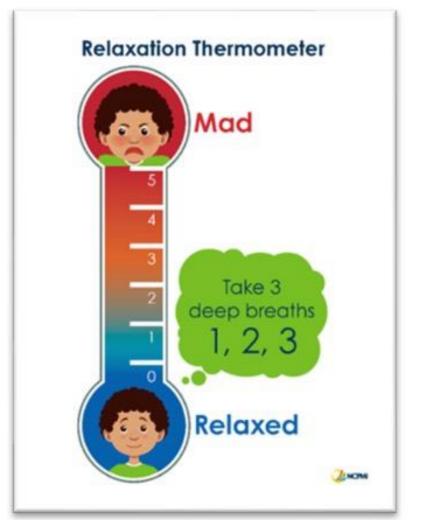




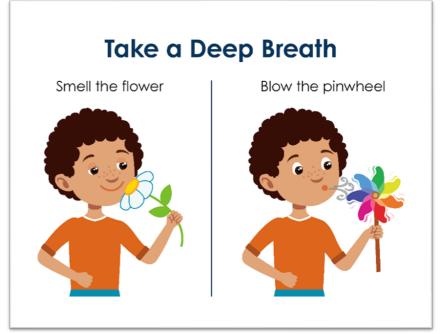




## Teaching Self-Regulation









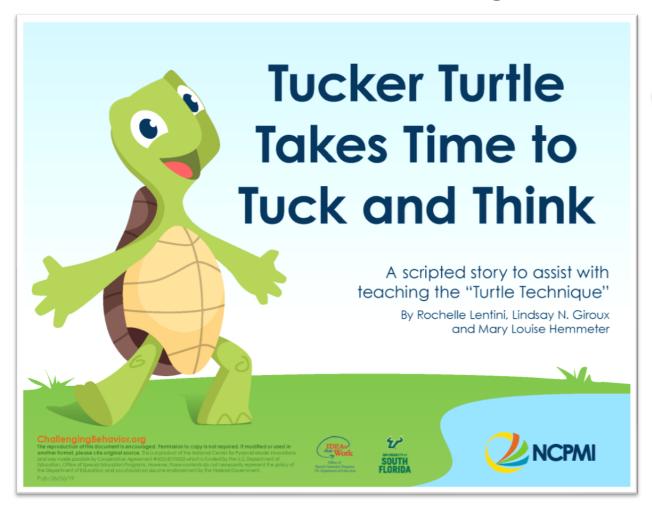
# Create a Cozy Calming Area







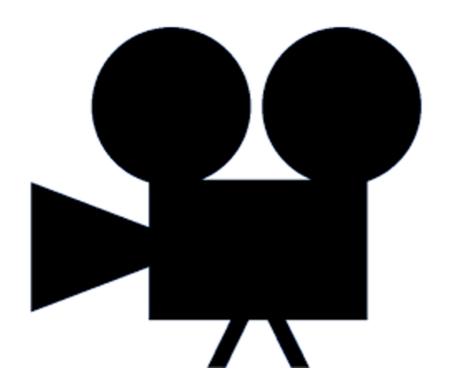
### Teaching the Turtle Technique







## Video: Practice Emotional Regulation





### Activity 4.1

- Locate the document Activity: How to Support Amber in your materials and review it independently
- In your small group, brainstorm ideas to support Amber in your classroom and answer the following questions
  - How could you leverage Amber's interests?
  - What type of individualized support or materials would be useful?
- Select one person to share your ideas!



### Guiding Children in the Moment

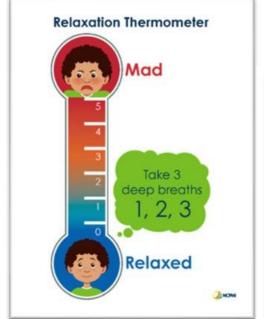
Our job is not to stop children from feeling emotions but to help them acknowledge and learn to manage them

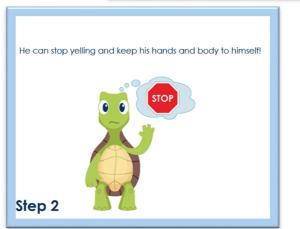
 Monitor early signs that a child may be becoming upset

 Validate (reflect) the child's feelings using a calm voice

 Cue the child to use a self-regulation technique

Acknowledge the effort with positive descriptive feedback









### Activity 4.2

- Locate the Teaching Matrix: Emotions and Self-Regulation Skills in your materials
- Review the ideas from the example provided and consider how you already teach and provide practice opportunities in your classroom
- Determine how you can embed additional teaching and practice opportunities into your classroom routines
- Record these on the blank Social Emotional Teaching Matrix



### Supporting Families with Self-Regulation

NCPMI provides a number of resources to guide families in the use of similar practices on the <u>Family Engagement page</u> of their website

- Tucker the Turtle: At Home
- Backpack Connections: How to Help Your Child Recognize and Understand Anger
- Taking a Break: Using a Calm Down Area at Home



**Getting Started** 

The calm down area or calm down spot does not need to require a lot of space. It might be a chair that your child prefers, a group of toys that you child likes that are in a bedroom, or an area where you place a basket of calming toys. The only requirement is

When you create your calm down area, think of things that your child already uses to calm down. They might be stuffed

Show your child that you have created a calm down area and let your child know that they can use the area when they need to "feel better". You might explain to your child that sometimes you go to a calm down spot that helps you feel better

that it is an area that is quiet, away from interactions with others, and soothing for the child.

animals, a favorite pillow, a puzzle, squishy toys, or books. Put those in the calm down spot.

54

# 5.0 Teaching Problem Solving



### Knowing How to Problem Solve Helps ...

- Decrease social problems between peers
- Increases children's independence in play with other children
- Decrease the need for the teacher to solve social problems
- Children work together to solve problems





#### Problem-Solving Skills to Teach

- Teach the problem-solving steps
  - Identify the problem
  - Think of multiple solutions
  - Evaluate the appropriateness of a solution and possible consequences
  - Try the selected solution, then try another, if needed!
- Resource: We Can Be Problem Solvers





### Supporting Problem-Solving

Make solutions visible and readily accessible in places where problems occur!

- Block Area
- Outside on the playground
- Dramatic Play Area
- Others?

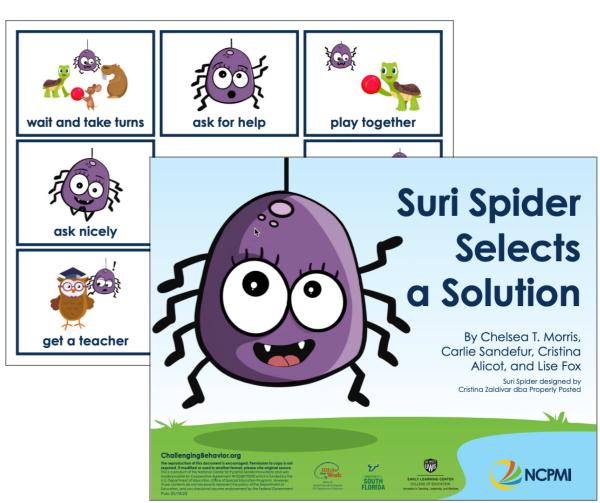
Resource: Solution Kit





#### Teach, Model, and Practice

- Problem-solving steps
- A variety of solutions to common social situations using visuals and model skills
- How to access solution kit or problem-solving tools
- The possible consequences
- Resource: <u>Suri Spider Selects a</u>
   Solution



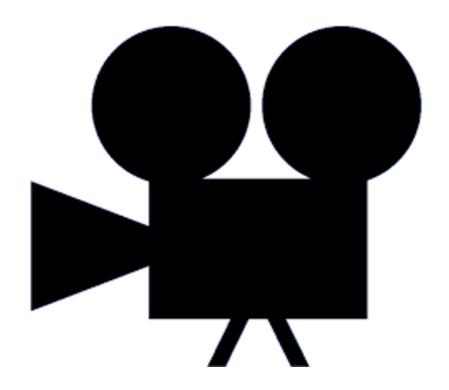


### Practice Throughout the Day!

- Review problem-solving steps during daily routines
- Plan an activity where children must share materials or take turns
- "Forget" to bring a book or material you need to circle time to allow children to help you to problem-solve
- Ask children to help solve a naturally occurring problem as it happens
- Encourage children to provide solutions for the character's problem while reading a story



### Video: Practice Problem Solving





### Supporting Children with Problem Solving in the Moment

There are five steps to enhance problem-solving skills:

- 1. Anticipate: Plan ahead
- 2. **Proximity:** Be close to prompt children through problem-solving steps
- 3. Support: Without solving the problem for the children, use tools to remind
- 4. Encourage: Good solutions don't always work, encourage to keep trying
- 5. Promote: "In-the-moment" problem-solving to reinforce success



### Activity 5.1

#### This isn't always easy!

- Review the Challenges and Solutions for Teaching Problem-Solving Skills in your materials
- Pick one challenge that you might encounter in your classroom or a classroom you support
- Review the solutions for the challenge you selected



#### **Challenges and Solutions** for Teaching Problem-Solving Skills



'My children can't seem to make it through the problem solving process without creatina more problems!'



Consider whether children have some skills that support problem solving!

- 1. Can children locate and "read" familiar resources (e.g., classroom schedule, expectations)
- 2. What social and emotional skills do children already uses

#### Social and Emotional Skills

- Get an adult's attention
- · Get a peer's attention
- Ask for help
- Give an object to a peer
- Request an object from a peer Label own emotions

- Calm down when experiencing strong emotions Give a play idea
- Engage in a peer's play idea
- Disagree with a peer
- · Respond appropriately to others' emotions
- Give a compliment





"Problematize" everythina!

- 1. Frequently label classroom situations as "problems" in a positive tone
- 2. Descriptively model the problem-solving steps in context
- 3. Support children to use the steps to solve those problems (with a few initial solutions from the solution kit or without
- 4. Give descriptive feedback to children engaging in the problem-solving steps

#### Problems Between Two or More Children

- Two children want a toy
- · Peer in a child's spot a circle time
- · One pair of scissors for three children at
- · Not enough chairs at small group
- Peer knocks over a child's tower
- Group of children cannot agree on a play idea
- Peer paints on a child's picture

Problems for an Individual Child

- Child wants to go to a full center
- Difficulty putting shoes on after nap
- · Child wants a peer to play with Child wants a red marker, but none are out
- Child says she misses her family member and wants
- Peer is making noise that bothers a child

National Center for Pyramid Model Innovations | ChallengingBehavior.org

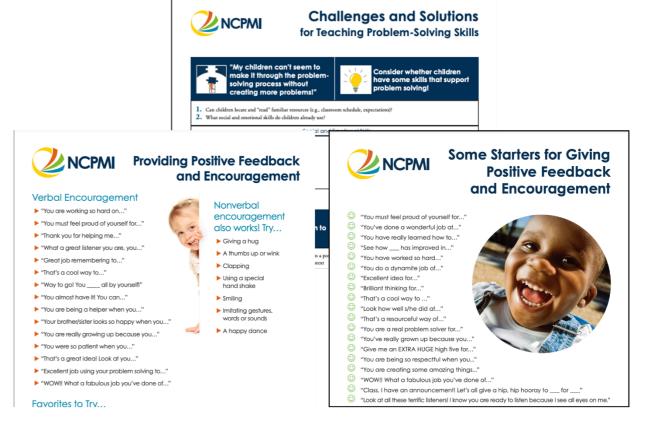
Page 1 of 3



### Supporting Maintenance & Generalization

Positive descriptive feedback is a powerful tool when teaching problem-solving skills

- Positive Feedback and Encouragement poster
- Starters for Giving Positive Feedback and Encouragement poster





### Activity 5.2

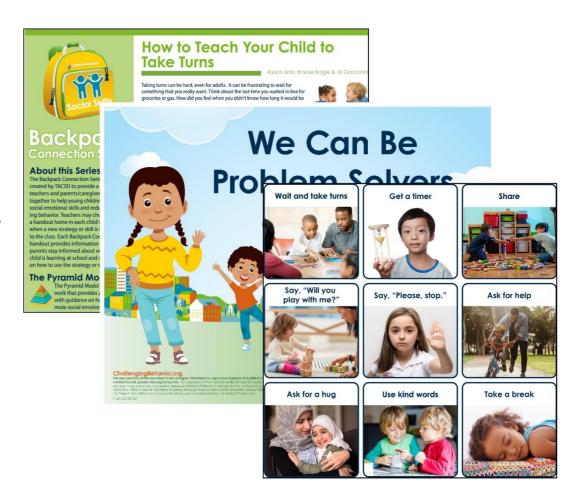
- Locate the Teaching Matrix: Problem Solving in your materials
- Review the ideas from the example provided and consider how you already teach and provide practice opportunities in your classroom
- Determine how you can embed additional teaching and practice opportunities into your classroom routines
- Record these on the blank Social Emotional Teaching Matrix



### Supporting Families with Problem Solving

NCPMI provides a number of resources to guide families in the use of similar practices on the <u>Family Engagement</u> page of their website

- We Can Be Problem Solvers at Home!
- Solution Kit: Home Edition
- Backpack Connections: How to Help Your Child to Take Turns





# 6.0 Wrap-Up and Next Steps



### Activity 6.1

#### Let's Review!

- Look one more time at the Teaching Social Emotional Skills section on the Pyramid Model Practices Implementation Checklist:
  - Friendship Skills (pg. 9)
  - Emotional Literacy (pg. 10)
  - Self-Regulation and Anger Management (pg. 10)
  - Problem Solving (pg. 11)
- Make any notes based on what we talked about today; what practices might you want to strengthen?



#### What's Next?

- Start with the Classroom Essentials
  - Included in your materials from Session 2
  - Your coach will support how and when it gets completed
- Hang onto your Pyramid Practices Checklist; you'll need it during Sessions 4 and 5
- Session 4: Supporting Children with Social Emotional Delays
- Session 5: Addressing Challenging Behavior



### Stay Connected to the MiMTSS TA Center



@MiMTSSTACenter

facebook.com/MiMTSSTACenter

#MiMTSS





tinyurl.com/MiMTSSListserv

TA Offering, updates





@MiMTSSTACenter

youtube.com/@MiMTSSTACenter

Videos & Playlists





@MiMTSSTACenter

instagram.com/MiMTSSTACenter

#MiMTSS





#### **URLs Used in Today's Session**

<u>Super Friend story</u> (https://challengingbehavior.org/docs/SuperFriend\_Story.pdf)

<u>Super Friend Certificate</u> (https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/SocialEmotionalSkills\_super-friend-award.pdf)

#### How to Teach Your Child to Take Turns

(https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/backpack/BackpackConnection\_socialskills\_turns.pdf)

#### How to Teach Your Child to Appropriately Get Your Attention

(https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/backpack/BackpackConnection\_socialskills\_attention.pdf)

<u>Children's Book Search</u> (https://challengingbehavior.org/implementation/program-wide/books/)

Children's Book List (https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/booknook/ChildrensBookList.pdf)

<u>Book Nook activities</u> (https://challengingbehavior.org/implementation/program-wide/practical-strategies/#bookNook)

Feeling Wheel (https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/FeelingFaces\_Wheel.pdf)

Relaxation Thermometers (https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/Relaxation-Thermometer.pdf)

### URLs Used in Today's Session, Cont.

Feelings Sign-in Chart (https://challengingbehavior.org/docs/FeelingFaces\_signin.pdf)

Family Engagement page (https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/Implementation/family.html)

<u>Feeling Faces</u> (https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/FeelingFaces\_cards\_EN-Blank.pdf)

<u>Teaching Emotions: Activity Ideas to Share with Families</u>
(https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/activity-ideas-families.pdf)

Backpack Connections: How to Help Your Child Understand and Label Emotions

(https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/backpack/BackpackConnection emotions label.pdf)

<u>Tucker the Turtle book</u> (https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/TuckerTurtle\_Story.pdf)

<u>Tucker the Turtle: At Home</u> (https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/TuckerTurtle\_Story\_Home.pdf)

<u>Taking a Break: Using a Calm Down Area at Home</u> (https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/Calm-Down-Area\_Tipsheet.pdf)

Backpack Connections: How to Help Your Child Recognize and Understand Anger

(https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/backpack/BackpackConnection\_emotions\_anger.pdf)

#### URLs Used in Today's Session, Cont.

#### We Can Be Problem Solvers! Scripted story

(https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/ProblemSolving\_Story.pdf)

<u>Solution Kit Cue Cards</u> (https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/SocialEmotionalSkills\_solution-kit\_cue-cards.pdf)

<u>Problem solving steps poster</u> (https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/SocialEmotionalSkills\_problem-solving-steps\_poster.pdf)

Suri Spider Selects a Solution (https://challengingbehavior.org/document/suri-spider-selects-a-solution/)

#### Challenges and Solutions for Teaching Problem-Solving Skills

(https://challengingbehavior.org/document/challenges-and-solutions-for-teaching-problem-solving-skills/)

#### Positive Feedback and Encouragement poster

(https://challengingbehavior.org/docs/ToolsBuildingRelationships\_starters-for-giving-positive-feedback\_Home.pdf)

#### Starters for Giving Positive Feedback and Encouragement poster

(https://challengingbehavior.org/docs/ToolsBuildingRelationships\_starters-for-giving-positive-feedback.pdf)

73

### URLs Used in Today's Session, Cont.

#### We Can Be Problem Solvers at Home!

(https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/ProblemSolving\_Story\_Home\_EN.pdf)

Solution Kit: Home Edition (https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/Solution\_kit\_cards\_home.pdf)

#### Backpack Connections: How to Help Your Child to Take Turns

(https://challengingbehavior.cbcs.usf.edu/docs/backpack/BackpackConnection\_socialskills\_turns.pdf)

