

Michigan's Multi-Tiered System of Supports Technical Assistance Center January 2025 – Version 1.0

Sources of Reading Difficulty: Definitions

Throughout today's session, you may hear some words that are new to you. The purpose of this document is to provide a handy list of words, acronyms, and definitions to support common understanding.

Frequently Used Words and Definitions

Automaticity: The ability to read a word correctly and instantly.

Background Knowledge: Pre-existing knowledge of facts and ideas.

Blending: Reading words from left to right by linking each letter or group of letters to their sounds.

Decoding: The ability to translate a word from print to speech.

Explicit Instruction: Teaching that is direct and step-by-step, including explaining and showing how to do something.

Family: All parents, guardians, and/or caregivers and the student.

Fluency: Reading with sufficient accuracy, rate, and expression.

Grapheme: A printed letter or group of letters that represent a sound in a syllable or word.

Instructional Methods: Techniques or strategies used by teachers to support students' acquisition and mastery of skills across content areas.

Language Comprehension: The ability to extract and construct meaning from spoken language.

Language Structures: Includes understanding of syntax (word order) and semantics (word and phrase meanings).

Literacy Knowledge: Understanding how to read and interact with the text.

Multisyllabic Words: Words with more than one syllable.

Phoneme: The smallest sound part in spoken language, like /c/ in "cat."



Phonemic Awareness: Ability to hear and manipulate sounds in words.

Phonics: Letter-sound correspondence in printed text and writing.

Phonological Awareness: The ability to recognize that spoken words are made up of individual sound parts.

Reading Comprehension: The ability to extract and construct meaning from text.

Simple View of Reading (SVR): The Simple View of Reading is depicted as a multiplication formula. Word Recognition (Decoding) multiplied by Language Comprehension equals Reading Comprehension.

Syllable: The unit of pronunciation organized around a vowel.

Verbal Reasoning: The ability to understand and use language to reason and solve problems.

Vocabulary: Knowledge of, and memory for, word meanings.

Word Recognition: The ability to read words accurately and quickly.

References

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